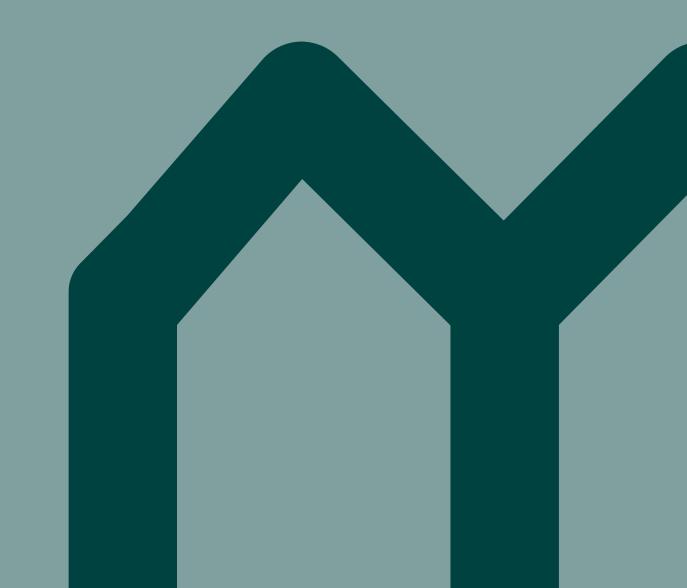
PROMISE

STANDARD 1.2

Child Participation Tool



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Contents

1. Introduction	4
Children's Right to be heard	4
Reflections from Children	5
Barnahus Quality Standards	7
2. Methodology & Format	9
2.1 To think about and discuss	9
2.2 Limitations in scope of the questionnaires	11
3. Questionnaires for Youth	12
Short introduction/recruitment script to questionnaire(s)	13
3.1 Youth Questionnaire – General, welcome and venue	14
3.2 Youth Questionnaire – Social services/Child Protection	22
3.3 Youth Questionnaire – Forensic Interview	25
3.4 Youth Questionnaire – Medical examination	30
3.5 Youth Questionnaire – Therapeutic assessment and therapy	34
3.6 Short Youth Satisfaction Questionnaire	39
4. Questionnaires for Children	43
Short introduction/recruitment script to questionnaire	44
4.1 Child Questionnaire – General, welcome and venue	45
4.2 Child Questionnaire – Social Services/Child Protection	51
4.3 Child Questionnaire – Forensic Interview	54
4.4 Child Questionnaire – Medical examination	59
4.5 Child Questionnaire – Therapeutic assessment	63
4.6 Short Child Satisfaction Questionnaire	68
5. Examples of "I feel" guestions/guestionnaire	74

1. Introduction

This document provides a selection of sample questionnaires that can be used to gather children's views on their Barnahus experience, including their satisfaction with the services and potential ideas on how Barnahus can become an even better place for children.

Children's views provide an important basis for evaluation and reform of the Barnahus set-up and practice. The sample questionnaires have been developed to gather the perspectives of children on aspects related to the Barnahus quality standards and the results can be used as a contribution to an overall assessment of how well the service practices according to the Barnahus Quality standards.

This guidance and the sample questionnaires have been inspired by research and are informed by the work and expertise from professionals working in Barnahus or similar services across Europe¹. They furthermore draw on the Barnahus Quality Standards², the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and Council of Europe law and guidance³.

The sample questionnaires provided in this document focus on the child's experience of Barnahus, including:

- Travel to Barnahus (information, accompanying adult, sense of safety, control and trust)
- In Barnahus (welcome, venue, sense of safety, control & trust, child participation, information, services including interview, social services, medical and mental assessment and treatment)
- After Barnahus (coming home, information, safety, sense of control and trust)

Children's Right to be heard

Children's right to participation is a core principle of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989). At the time of adoption, the rights of the child to participate was a new concept in international law that challenged many countries of the world. A culture of active involvement and listening to children was not widely accepted or practiced. Over the years, societies have increasingly come to grapple with the implications of this new obligation to recognize and involve children as active contributors to decisions that affect their individual lives and the broader society.⁴

Children's right to be heard is a fundamental Barnahus principle and practice. Children's participation and testimony are the point of departure for promoting their rights to justice and care. In Barnahus children are provided a safe space and are supported in describing their experiences. Their stories are documented and listened to by neutral but supportive Barnahus staff and form the basis for child protection and criminal investigations and are, in most countries, admissible in Court.

Rett og sikkerhet (Forandringsfabrikken 2019); Helena Asplund Carlqvist & Anna Petersson, Barn och föräldrars upplevelse av kontakten med Barnahus, (Barnahus Linköping 2018); Child-friendly justice: Perspectives and experiences of children involved in judicial proceedings as victims, witnesses or parties in nine EU Member States (EU Fundamental Rights Agency, February 2017); Ann-Margreth E Olsson & Maria Kläfverud, To be Summoned to Barnahus: Children's Perspectives in Susanna Johansson et al (eds) Collaborating Against Child Abuse (2017); Bornenotat 1/16 (BORNERADET, March 2016); Shelly L. Jackson, A Resource for Evaluation Child Advocacy Centers (NIJ July 2014); A. Kaldal, C. Diesen, J. Beije & E. Diesen, Barnahusutredningen (Juridiska institutionen, Stockholm University 2010). The experts consulted on this guidance and the questionnaires are listed on page1.

² Lind Haldorsson, Olivia, The Barnahus Quality Standards: Guidance for Multidisciplinary and Interagency Response to Child Victims and Witnesses of Violence" (CBSS/Child Circle 2017)

³ Convention for the protection of children against sexual exploitation and sexual abuse (CETS N°201), Recommendation on the participation of children and young people under the age of 18 (2012), Guidelines on child-friendly justice and their explanatory memorandum (2011)

⁴ Gerison Landsdown, The Evolving Capacities of the Child (UNICEF, New York 2005)

Children's views inform the process in Barnahus and the timing and type of assistance, treatment and support that the child receives. The active involvement is also a means of empowerment and wellbeing and forms both a manifestation of resilience and a pathway towards recovery. ⁵

Children can also play an important role in providing feedback on their experiences in Barnahus, which can inform reform of the Barnahus set up and practice.

Reflections from Children

Some Barnahus already collect reflections of children to find out if children's experiences in Barnahus are positive or not. Some children who have accessed services in Barnahus have also been part of research and made more explicit reflections. So, what do already know from children's experiences in Barnahus and similar services?⁶

A main recommendation from children is that they need to be informed from an early age about forms of abuse, that abuse may also happen by trusted adults and where to report concerns. Children also suggest mandatory education and information to new parents. Trust is of utmost importance for a child to tell about their situation of abuse. Too often, children hesitate to tell as they experience that adults don't listen properly or that adults share details with others without consulting the child.

Children who have accessed services through Barnahus, emphasise the importance of being given relevant information before the forensic interview and a caring approach by the adults who are informing and accompanying them. Children say they need to know the details about the process and which adults to turn to for more information. Feeling involved, in control and safe makes it easier for the child to reveal the details about the violence they have experienced.

Most children appear to be positive towards the Barnahus environment, especially younger children. One study revealed that teenagers felt that the interior of the Barnahus was too "childish" and that they wanted more things for older children to engage with while waiting. The same study found that teenagers, more often than younger children, found it a negative experience to have to wait for their interview since it made them more nervous.⁷

Children emphasise the importance of knowing who will listen to the forensic interview, and how the recordings will be used. They need to know why the forensic interview is conducted differently from a normal conversation, and why they will be asked to talk about issues that children normally don't talk about that much. Children also feel a need to be familiar with the interviewer in advance of the formal part of the forensic interview to be confident and feel safe. Furthermore, children express the need to feel received and understood by the interviewer and particularly when expressing hurt and pain. The child must also be allowed to take the time necessary to tell their story. Children recommend that the interview rooms are child-friendly and safe.

Children stress that they may need to continue to talk about their feelings and experiences with a therapist or counsellor after the forensic interview. Additionally, they would like to have opportunities to talk about the formalities and the further process with a *trusted adult*, a legal counsellor, staff from Barnahus, the police or someone from services in the municipality. It is also important to explain to the child if a case has been

⁵ Laura Lundy, "Voice" is not enough: conceptualising Article 12 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child" (British Educational Research Journal, 2007)

⁶ The findings summarised here come from: Rett og sikkerhet (Forandringsfabrikken 2019); Helena Asplund Carlqvist & Anna Petersson, Barn och föräldrars upplevelse av kontakten med Barnahus, (Barnahus Linköping 2018); Child-friendly justice: Perspectives and experiences of children involved in judicial proceedings as victims, witnesses or parties in nine EU Member States (EU Fundamental Rights Agency, February 2017); Ann-Margreth E Olsson & Maria Kläfverud, To be Summoned to Barnahus: Children's Perspectives in Susanna Johansson et al (eds) Collaborating Against Child Abuse (2017); Bornenotat 1/16 (BORNERADET, March 2016); A. Kaldal, C. Diesen, J. Beije & E. Diesen, Barnahusutredningen (Juridiska institutionen, Stockholm University 2010).

⁷ Kaldal, A., Diesen, C., Beije, J., Diesen: Barnahusutredningen (Juridiska institutionen, Stockholm University 2010)

PROMISE

dismissed by the court and why this happened, for example because of a lack of evidence and not because the court did not believe in the child's story.

Children express a wish to have their views considered on who can be present if they must give their testimony in person in Court. They also do not want to have to meet the accused face to face in Court. Children wish to be treated with respect and kindness in Court, for example, that the judge greets them before the court proceedings. Children also recommend that the courtroom be closed to the media and others apart from the judge, legal counsellor, prosecutor and defence.

Barnahus Quality Standards

The Barnahus quality standards provide a common European operational and organisational framework for Barnahus and similar multidisciplinary and interagency services that helps prevent (re-)traumatisation and promote compliance with European and international law, including children's right to be heard and to receive information. By practicing to the Barnahus quality standards, the service will:

- · Ensure that the best interests of the child are a primary consideration
- Ensure that the child's right to be heard is fulfilled without repetitive and potentially intimidating interviews and hearings
- Ensure that the child is interviewed and supported by trained and specialised professionals
- Ensure a comprehensive, accessible multidisciplinary and interagency response for all children that meets the complex needs of each child

The first standard contains three cross-cutting activities that are applicable to the full process, from initial report to trial: placing the best interests of the child at the centre of practice and decision-making (1.1), ensuring that children's rights to be heard and receive information are fulfilled (1.2) and preventing undue delay (1.3). These crosscutting activities are at the core of all Barnahus practice but also feature in many of the other standards specifically. Child participation for example features in standard 7 on medical examination and standard 8 on therapeutic services.

Standards 2-4 relate to institutional arrangements and organisational set-up, for example, ensuring a child-friendly environment and a broad target group, and are relevant to the parts of the process that take place in the Barnahus.

Standard 5-10 set out good practice for core functions and specific activities that the Barnahus undertakes, for example, interagency case management, forensic interviews or medical examination.

The standards also provide guidance on building staff capacity as well as prevention work, such as collecting data, sharing information and building knowledge with important stakeholders.

STANDARD 1.2: Right to be heard and to receive information

What is the standard?

Right to be heard and to receive information: Children's rights to express their views and to receive information are respected and fulfilled.

Why should this standard be met?

International legal obligations: Children's right to participation is one of the general principles of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). Article 12(2) states that the child should in particular be provided with the opportunity to be heard in any judicial and administrative proceedings affecting the child.

European legal provisions:

- · Taking due account of the views of the child
- Provision of information
- Right to interpretation & translation
- Possibility to order that the child victim be heard through the use of appropriate communication technologies

Guidance: The UN Committee on the Rights of the Child (CRC) emphasises that "age should not be a barrier to the child's right to participate fully in the justice process". Child victims' of violence rights to be heard is laid down in article 19 of the UNCRC and has been reaffirmed and clarified several times by the CRC (e.g. CRC General Comment no 13). The CRC has urged States to "ensure that the views, needs and concerns of child victims who have suffered sexual abuse or other violent crimes be presented and considered in proceedings where their personal interests are affected". In doing so, States "must undertake all necessary measures to ensure that the right to be heard is exercised ensuring full protection of the child" (CRC General Comment no 12). Measures should for example be implemented to avoid (re-)traumatisation, for example avoiding repetition of testimonies and the use of video-taped interviews (General Day of Discussion on the right of the child to be heard).

Also see the CoE Guidelines for Child-friendly justice (2010) Ch. IV.D.3; CoE Rec. Child-friendly social services (2011) Ch. 3. B and; the EC Reflection paper proposing 10 principles for integrated child protection systems, including principle 1.

Research and Experience: The right to receive information and to be heard are fundamental aspects of the multidisciplinary and interagency process. Systematically hearing the views of the child will provide a deeper understanding of the child's wishes and needs and facilitate determination of the best interest of the child as well as appropriate and sustainable action, including, for example, treatment and therapy. Access to adequate information is a prerequisite for meaningful participation. It will also empower the child and help the child gain control over the situation.

When children are given opportunities to share perspectives on their experience at the service, they provide invaluable feedback that can make the environment, the process and the services more child-friendly and appropriate to children's needs and wishes.

In a recent study carried out by the Fundamental Rights Agency, based on interviews with 392 children in 9 EU Member States, children underline the importance of their right to be heard with understanding and respect, highlighting the need for clear and practical guidelines as well as training for all professionals who encounter children.8

Examples of indicators and/or evidence that the standard is being met:

- Staff receive training on how to communicate, listen and share information with children, adapted to their age and development;
- Forensic interviews are carried out in a manner that helps the child to exercise the right to be heard in judicial proceedings (also see Standard 6 on Forensic Interviews);
- Children and their non-offending parents/care-givers can influence the timing, location and set up of interventions such as treatment and therapy;
- Children are given opportunities to provide feedback on their experience at the service;
- Information is routinely and systematically made available to children and their caregivers, adapted to the age and development of the child;
- Children and caregivers receive information in a language they understand;
- Special efforts are made to ensure that children with special needs or disabilities have the same opportunities to receive information and to be heard.

⁸ Child-friendly justice: Perspectives and experiences of children involved in judicial proceedings as victims, witnesses or parties in nine EU Member States (EU Fundamental Rights Agency, February 2017) http://fra.europa.eu/en/press-release/2017/child-friendly-justice-childs-perspective

2. Methodology & Format

In order to make child participation safe, ethical and meaningful for both the child and the Barnahus it is important to carefully consider the methodology and format that is used to hear children's views. Before using the sample questionnaires offered in this document, it is therefore recommended that you take some time to discuss what might work best in your specific context. Some of these issues are discussed in section 2.1. below. There might be other issues that are important to consider in your specific context.

2.1 To think about and discuss

Format

There are many ways to distribute and collect the questionnaires. Consider what you think will work best in your Barnahus and what might promote and facilitate broad participation. If possible, it is a good idea to offer different practical tools to reply to the questionnaire, for example through interview, in paper format or electronically via an app.

Age Groups

The questionnaires are adapted to two age groups: Youth (13-18) and Children (8-12). The questionnaires for children can be used for oral interviews with younger children and can be adapted for example by providing a space to make a drawing. It is important to note that the age groups are indicative and that (for example) the development, writing and language skills of each respondent must be considered carefully in selecting the questionnaire the child should respond to. It is also important that a neutral staff member is available to answer questions, provide clarification and/or support the respondent.

Type of questions

The questionnaire provides examples of Likert scale type questions, open questions and multiple choice. Open questions may require more guidance and oral interviews for some children. In order to ensure actionable feedback, it may also be necessary to include follow up questions, which gives the child an opportunity to clarify why they have given a certain response.

To ensure clarity, the sample questionnaires use questions, rather than fabricated statements, where a Likert type scale is used to collect the views of the respondent. Children may want to be agreeable to statements, and to be positive towards people they have encountered. To gather accurate responses, it may therefore be better to ask questions than to fabricate statements that the child reacts to.

Consider if you need to adapt the questionnaires or the methodology that you use to meet the specific needs of certain groups of children or children with special needs, including language abilities.

Timing and location

The timing and methodology of administrating the questionnaires to the respondents can have a substantial impact on the results of the consultation. Feelings and perceptions may fluctuate or change over time. Children may also be sensitive to expectations of what might happen or what it will be like, good or bad.

Discuss timing and methodology, including when you "recruit" respondents, when they complete the survey and how much time is reasonable for a child to complete the survey. You may need to adapt the questionnaires and methodology depending on when and how children respond to the questionnaires. Will the questionnaires be administered at the end of a follow-up, at the beginning, in the middle? Once or several times? What have others done that has proven successful?

It is also important to think about location so that there is a quiet, safe and neutral place for the child to complete the questionnaire.

Length and number of questionnaires

It is important to carefully define the most relevant questions so that the exercise becomes meaningful to both children and your Barnahus. The length and number of questionnaires may also need to be adapted to meet the respondent's needs, development and abilities. It is also important to consider how much time each child should spend on responding to questionnaires – what is reasonable and appropriate for each child?

The sample questionnaires provide several sample questions that cover a broad range of areas and activities in Barnahus. Some of the questionnaires are specific and therefore long. Discuss which questions are of essence to your service. Do you need all questions? Can you merge questionnaires? Is it enough to just use the shorter versions? When is it helpful to use a longer version, or parts of it, rather than a shorter version? How many questions is it reasonable to ask a child to respond to?

Another way to address this is to randomly select children to participate in one or only a few of the questionnaires, rather than one child having to complete several forms. Another alternative is to break the longer questionnaires into two, so that feedback is provided on all questions, but different children answer different questions (i.e. 50 % of the children answer only the first half of the questions, while the other 50 % answer the other half of the questions). If the sample size is large enough, this should still be OK.

If the child also is going to be evaluated with standardized tools on mental health, the total number of questionnaires should also be taken into consideration.

Ethical and follow up

All children should be given equal opportunities to give feedback on their experience in Barnahus *if* they wish to share their views. Participation should be voluntary. It is also important to ensure that children are kept safe and are offered proper assistance and follow-up in the process of sharing their views on Barnahus.

Discuss ethical issues that may arise in the context of seeking children's views, including requirements by law, and adopt measures and procedures to address ethical issues and meet legal requirements. Ethical issues include, but are not limited to, safeguarding children, ensuring meaningful and informed participation, non-discrimination, cultural diversity, data protection, privacy and consent from both children and their caregivers.

In order to ensure that the process of consulting children about their experience in Barnahus is ethical, safe and meaningful, it is important to plan what will happen after the child has handed in the questionnaire and what the follow up might be. What happens immediately after the child has completed the questionnaire? Consider how you will collect written questionnaires, for example by a trusted and neutral person, a mailbox or electronically. What are the mechanisms for thanking the child and providing potential feedback? What kind of information does the child need after completing the questionnaire? For example, what will happen to the questionnaire, who will read it, how will the replies be treated, and what might their effort to share their views lead to?

It is important to leave enough time after the questionnaire has been completed to discuss the input, especially if the child has negative experiences. Who will be the contact person if the child needs to follow up on issues in the questionnaire after the formal response at a later stage?

Bias

Response biases can have a large impact on the validity of questionnaires and the usefulness of the result. It is therefore important to be aware of potential bias in the questionnaires in both questions and response options. In order to avoid priming and socialising the respondents to give exaggerated positive or negative feedback, questions with positive and negative expectations can be alternated. The response options can also be alternated by changing the order in which they appear (positive – negative, negative - positive). There should also be an equal amount of positive and negative alternatives to choose from. To test the reliability of answers it is also possible to use a few reverse questions.

"I feel..." questions

You can consider if you, as a trusted person, would like to add questions about how the child felt about Barnahus and its services. If you do, it is important to ask follow-up questions that make the response actionable for you, for example "what made you feel that way?".

See example of an "I feel" questionnaire here.

2.2 Limitations in scope of the questionnaires

The sample questionnaires focus on children's experience with Barnahus, starting from the journey to Barnahus and ending with the return to day care, school or the home.

The questionnaires do not gather children's view on their experience of the full process from initial report to potential court hearing and longer-term follow up.

There should never be a concern that the gathering of children's views will interfere with ongoing investigations. The sample questionnaires do not collect case specific or personal information.

It is important to note that the sample questionnaires do not support *impact assessment*. Nevertheless, the results may reveal some interesting information about how the experience in Barnahus affected the outcomes of the multidisciplinary response, including the short-term well-being and recovery of children.

As noted above, the sample questionnaires offer questions on the same areas adapted to younger and to older children (youth). This is to ensure that all children who wish to provide feedback have access to questionnaires that empower and support them to express their views. The questionnaires can be used (and adapted) to ensure that each child receives a questionnaire which is adapted to their age, maturity and development.

3. Questionnaires for Youth

- General, welcome and venue
- Social services/Child Protection
- Forensic interview
- Medical Examination
- Therapeutic Assessment/Therapy
- Short Youth Satisfaction Questionnaire

Short introduction/recruitment script to questionnaire(s)

You have a right to express your opinions on things that concern you.

We want to do the best possible job for children and young people here at Barnahus. It would be good to know what you think, both good and bad. It will support us in doing a better job helping children and young people and make sure that everyone feels safe and comfortable in Barnahus. If you had a bad time here it is important that we know why so we can make things better.

If you want to participate, please circle the answer that best reflects your experience and feelings about our work and being at Barnahus.

The people who came with you to and from Barnahus and the people who you met in Barnahus will not see your answers, so you can be completely honest.

About you

You don't have to put your nai gender.	me on the questionnaire.	If you feel like it, you can let us know your age a	าd
Age:	Gender:		

3.1 Youth Questionnaire – General, welcome and venue

Please tell us about the trip to Barnahus

Did someone explain to you what Barnahus is before coming here?							
☐ YES	□NO	□ No	OT SURE	☐ NO OPINION			
Did someone	explain to you	why you had	to go to Barn	ahus?			
☐ YES	□NO	□ NOT SURE		☐ NO OPINION			
Did someone	explain to you	what would h	appen in Barı	nahus?			
☐ YES	□NO	□N	OT SURE	☐ NO OPINION			
Do you trust t	Do you trust the person that came with you to Barnahus?						
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE		
Did you feel s	afe during your	trip to Barna	hus?				
COMPLETELY		NOT REALLY	NOT	NO OPINION	NOT SURE		
Can you tell us what made you feel that way?							

Did you feel that you had enough control over your situation during your trip to Barnahus?						
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
Can you tell us what made you feel that way?						
If you have suggestions for improvement for the trip to Barnahus, please let us know what they are.						
	thing else you velling to Barnal		about your e	experience of be	eing picked	

Tell us about your experience in Barnahus

Did someone	greet and welco	ome you to B	arnahus right	away when yo	u arrived?	
YES	□ NO □ NOT SURE					
COMPLETELY	s what made yo	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO	nus? NOT SURE	
Did you feel sa	afe in Barnahus					
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?			

COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL □	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Did you feel li	ke you were lis				
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ray?		
Was Barnahu	s adapted to yo	ur special ne	eds?		
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		

The waiting ro	om was						
VERY COMFORTABLE	COMFORTABLE	UNCOMFORTABLE	VERY UNCOMFORTABL	NO E OPINION	NOT SURE		
VERY APPROPRIATE	APPROPRIATE	INAPPROPRIATE VERY INAPPROPRIATE		NO OPINION	NOT SURE		
VERY SAFE	SAFE	UNSAFE VERY UNSAFE		NO OPINION	NOT SURE		
Did you like th	e activities/gan	nes/things to do i			107		
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT NO AT ALL OPIN		NOT URE		
]			
Overall, I would describe my experience at Barnahus as WORSE THAN I ABOUT WHAT I BETTER THAN I I DIDN'T KNOW WHAT EXPECTED EXPECTED TO EXPECT							
Can you tell us what made you feel that way?							

Would you red	commend other			le to come to Ba	
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
I					
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		
What other the	ings would you	have liked to	do while you	were waiting?	
What did you	like about the w	vaiting room?	,		
What didn't yo	ou like about the	e waiting roo	m?		
M/bet class as	ulal the eteff in F) a was been been	a dana ta bala	2 1/2/12	
vvnat else cou	ıld the staff in B	sarnanus nav	e aone to nel _l	o you?	

If you have ideas for making the waiting room better, please let us know what they are.					
Is there some to Barnahus?	thing else you v	vant to tell us	about before	e, during or afte	er your visit
After Barnah					
Did someone	tell you what w	ould happen	after you left	Barnahus?	
YES	□NO	□ N	OT SURE		
Were vour au	estions about w	hat will happ	en next answ	ered?	
ALL	MANY	A FEW	NONE	NOT SURE	NO OPINION
Were you ask	ed about your v	riews on the r	next steps aft	er your visit to	Barnahus?
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Did vou feel s	afe after you vis	sit in Barnahu	 ?		
COMPLETELY	_	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that wa	ay?		

	ou had enough t to Barnahus?		ur situation a	nd what happe	ned directly
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		
Did you receiv	ve the support y	ou wanted at NOT REALLY	NOT	to Barnahus? NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell us	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		
What did you	appreciate abo	ut what happ	ened after you	ur visit to Barna	nhus?
What did you	not appreciate	about what h	appened after	r your visit to B	arnahus?
What else cou	ld the staff in E	Barnahus hav	e done to help	o you?	
Is there somet to Barnahus?	thing else you v	want to tell us	about your e	experience after	your visit

3.2 Youth Questionnaire - Social services/Child Protection

Were you told how the social worker might help you?						
☐ YES	□NO	□N	OT SURE			
Were you told	that you could	have interpre	etation (only i	if applicable)?		
☐ YES	□NO	□ No	OT SURE	☐ NOT API	PLICABLE	
Did you feel s	safe with the so	cial worker?				
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that wa	ay?			
Did you feel re	espected by the	e social worke	er?			
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
Can you tell us what made you feel that way?						

Did you feel li	Did you feel like you were listened to by the social worker?						
ALL THE TIME	MOSTLY	SOMETIMES	NEVER	NO OPINION	NOT SURE		
Can you tell u	s what made y	ou feel that wa	ay?				
Did you feel th	nat you were b		social worker?		NOT		
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE		
Can you tell us	s what made y	ou feel that wa	ay?				
Did you under	stand all the	questions that	you were asked	by the soc	ial worker?		
ALL	SOME	NONE	NOT SURE	NO OPINION			
Were your que	estions answe	ered?					
ALL	MANY	A FEW	NONE	NOT SURE	NO OPINION		
П	П	П	П				
l, = -	oreter nice to	you (only if app	•				
ALL THE MO	OSTLY SOM	ETIMES NEVE	ER NO OPINION	NOT SURE	NOT APPLICABLE		

Did the social COMPLETELY	worker tell you SOMEWHAT	about the ne NOT REALLY	NOT	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Did the social	worker ask you	_		the next steps?	
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
What did you	appreciate abo	ut your exper	ience with the	e social worker	?
What did you	not appreciate	about your ex	kperience witl	h the social wor	rker?
What else cou	ld the social w	orker have do	ne to help yo	u?	
Is there some with the socia		to tell us abo	ut before, dui	ring or after the	meeting

3.3 Youth Questionnaire - Forensic Interview

Before the forensic interview

Were you to	Id what to exped	et in the interv	riew before it	started?	
☐ YES	□ NO		OT SURE	☐ NO OP	INION
Were you to	ld who would ca	erry out the fo	rensic intervi	ew?	
☐ YES	□NO		OT SURE	☐ NO OP	INION
Were you in	troduced to the	interviewer be	efore the form	nal interview st	arted?
☐ YES	□NO		OT SURE	☐ NO OP	INION
Were you to	ld who would be	e watching the	e forensic inte	erview?	
YES	□NO		OT SURE	☐ NO OP	INION
Were you to	ld that you could)?	d have interpr	etation during	g the interview	(only
☐ YES	□NO		OT SURE	☐ NOT AI	PPLICABLE
Did you hav	e to wait for a lo		waiting roon		
YES	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NO	NOT SURE	NO OPINION
Can you tell	us how you exp	erienced the	waiting time?		

The forensic interview

Did the person who interviewed you tell you about the interview and what would happen?						
YES	□NO		OT SURE	☐ NO OPINION		
Were you told	what to do if y	ou needed a k	oreak?			
YES	□NO		OT SURE		NON	
Were you told didn't know?	that you could	say "I don't k	know" at any	time if it was tr	ue that you	
YES	□NO		OT SURE	☐ NO OPIN	NON	
Did you feel sa	afe during the f			110	NOT	
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
Can you tell us	s what made yo	ou feel that wa	ay?			
-						
Did you feel re	espected during			NO	NOT	
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
Can you tell us	Can you tell us what made you feel that way?					
	-					

l, -	eel like you	were listened	to during t			NOT
ALL THE TIME	MOSTLY	SOMETIMES	NEVER	NO OPINION	NOT SURE	NOT APPLICABLE
Can you to	ell us what	made you feel	that way?			
5:1						
	e <i>i that you</i> Ely some'	were believed)T	NOT	NO	NOT
COMPLETE	LI SOME	REA	LLY	AT ALL	OPINION	SURE
Can you to	ell us what	made you feel	that way?			
Did you u	nderstand a	all the question	ns that you	ı were asked	?	
Did you u	nderstand a SO	•	_	<i>I were asked</i> OT SURE	? NO OPINION	
		•	NE N		NO	
		ME NO	NE N		NO	
ALL	so	ME NO	NE N		NO OPINION	
ALL	so	ME NO answered?	NE N		NO	NO OPINION
ALL	so r questions	ME NO answered?	NE N	OT SURE	NO OPINION	
ALL	so r questions	ME NO answered?	NE N	OT SURE	NO OPINION	
ALL Were your ALL Was the ir	so r questions MA	ME NO answered?	NE N	OT SURE NONE able)?	NO OPINION NOT SURE	OPINION
ALL Were your ALL	so r questions MA	ME NO answered? NY A FI	NE N	OT SURE	NO OPINION	

I,	nterview room v	vas			_			
VERY COMFORTABLE	COMFORTABLE	UNCOMFORTABLE	VERY UNCOMFORTABLE	NO OPINION	NOT SURE			
\/=\/								
VERY APPROPRIATE	APPROPRIATE	INAPPROPRIATE	VERY INAPPROPRIATE	NO OPINION	NOT SURE			
VERY SAFE	SAFE	UNSAFE	VERY UNSAFE	NO OPINION	NOT SURE			
	After the forensic interview Did someone you trust wait for you in the waiting room when the forensic							
TYES	□ NO	□ NOT SU	JRE □ NO	O OPINION				
Did you feel s	afe after the for	ensic interview?						
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT		NOT NO T ALL OPINIC		IOT URE			
Can you tell u	s what made yo	u feel that way?						
1		ould happen next a NOT	NOT		NO			
YES	SOMEWHAT	REALLY	NO SURE		INION			
		_						

Were your qu	estions about	what would ha	appen next an		110		
ALL	MANY	A FEW	NONE	NOT SURE	NO OPINION		
Did someone	ask you what	you thought a	bout the next	steps?			
YES	□NO	□N	OT SURE	☐ NO OP	PINION		
What did you	What did you appreciate about your experience with the forensic interview?						
What did you	not appreciate	e about your e	xperience with	the forensic	interview?		
What else could have the forensic interview done to help you?							
Is there some interview?	thing you wan	t to tell us abo	out before, dur	ing or after th	ne forensic		

3.4 Youth Questionnaire - Medical examination

This questionnaire can also be used for dental examinations if offered in your Barnahus.

Before the medical examination

Did you have a me	edical exam at the	Barnahus?	
YES	□NO		
Were you sent to	a hospital or anoth	er location for a medic	cal exam?
YES	□NO		
Were you told why	y you were having	a medical exam?	
YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told you	could say 'No' to	having a medical exan	n?
YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told wha	at the medical exa	m would be like?	
YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told who	o would carry out t	the medical exam?	
YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told who	o would be in the n	medical exam room?	
YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told that	t you could bring s	someone you trust into	the exam room?
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION

Did you have	to wait for a lon	g time before	e the medical e	exam?	
YES	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NO	NOT SURE	NO OPINION
Can you tell u	s how you expe	erienced the v	waiting time?		
During the n	nedical exam	ination			
Did you feel w	velcome and cal	_			
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that wa	ay?		
ΔII THE	plain what was		NO	? NOT	
TIME	OSTLY SOME	TIMES NEVI	ER OPINION		
Were you told	you could ask	questions du	ring the exam	?	
YES	□NO	□ N	OT SURE	☐ NO OPI	NION
					1
	r who examined	-		ions? NOT	NO
ALL	MANY	A FEW	NONE	SURE	OPINION

Did you feel so	afe during the n SOMEWHAT	nedical exam NOT REALLY	NOT	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	vay?		
Did you feel re	espected during SOMEWHAT	nthe medica NOT REALLY	NOT	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	u feel that w	vay?		
Did vou feel lis	stened to during	a the medica	al exam?		
ALL THE	OSTLY SOMET		NO	NOT SURE	NOT APPLICABLE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	vay?		

The medical e	xamination roo	m felt			
VERY COMFORTABLE	COMFORTABLE	UNCOMFORTABLE	VERY UNCOMFORTABLE	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
VERY APPROPRIATE	APPROPRIATE	INAPPROPRIATE	VERY INAPPROPRIATE	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
VERY SAFE	SAFE	UNSAFE	VERY UNSAFE	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
After the me	dical examin	ation			
Were you told	what the docto	r found in the exa	mination?		
YES	□NO	☐ NOT SU	JRE NO	OPINION	
Did the doctor examination?	answer your q	uestions about wh	nat was found duri	ing the med	dical
ALL	MANY	A FEW N	IONE NOT SURE		NO NOINI
Were you told	what your option		nued treatment (if		D
YES	NO			D NOT NEE UED TREAT	
Did the doctor	answer your q	uestions about co	ntinued treatment	•	
ALL	MANY	A FEW N	IONE NOT SURE		NO NOINI

	r or other staff atment (if need		ahus ask what	you thought about	
YES	NO		NOT SURE	I DID NOT NEED CONTINUED TREATMENT	
What addition	nal or other med	dical service	es would you h	ave liked?	
What did you	appreciate abo	out your exp	erience with th	ne medical examination?	
What did you	not appreciate	about your	experience wit	th the medical examination?	
What else cou	uld the medical	staff have o	done to help yo	ou?	
If you have ideas for improvement of the medical examination room, please let us know what they are.					
Is there some		want to tell	us about befor	e, during or after the	
ALL	SOME	NONE	NOT SURE	NO OPINION	

3.5 Youth Questionnaire – Therapeutic assessment and therapy

The questionnaire below is primarily meant to gather children's responses about the therapeutic assessment rather than continued therapy. Consider carefully when you administer the questionnaire since it will have implications both on the type of questions you ask, and the answers you get.

Before the therapeutic services

Were you offered	therapeutic servic	es in Barnahus?	
YES	□NO		
Were you told why services?	y you were offered	l a therapeutic assessi	ment/therapeutic
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
	you that you could peutic services in	l choose not to have th Barnahus?	nerapeutic
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told you services somewh		have the therapeutic a	ssessment/therapeutic
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told who	at the assessment	/therapy would be like	?
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Were you told who	o would carry out	the assessment/therap	py?
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	☐ NO OPINION
Was the person w	ho offered you the	erapy the same person	who interviewed you?
☐ YES	□NO	☐ NOT SURE	

Were you told	l you could brin	g someone y	ou trust into th	ne room?	
☐ YES	□NO		IOT SURE		
	a say in setting	the goals fo	r the therapy?	NO	NOT
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	REALLY	AT ALL	OPINION	SURE
Were the goal	ls for the therap	y clear to yo	u?	NO	
ALL	SOME	NONE	NOT SURE	NO OPINION	
Did you have assessment/t	to wait for a lon		waiting room	-	
YES	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NO	NOT SURE	NO OPINION
Can you tell u	s how you expe	erienced the	waiting time?		
Therapeutic assessment/therapy					
Did the therap	oist explain abo	ut the therap	y and how it co	ould help?	
YES	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NO	NOT SURE	NO OPINION
	_				
	Ш				
	Ш				
Could you as	⊔ k questions abo		by?		
Could you as	k questions abo	out the therap NOT REALLY	py?	NOT SURE	NO OPINION

Were your que	estions about th	e therapy servic	es answer	ed?			
ALL	MANY	A FEW	NONE	NOT SURE		NO NOINI	
The room whe	ere I had therapy	/ was					
VERY COMFORTABLE	COMFORTABLE	UNCOMFORTABLE	VERY UNCOMFORTABLE		NO OPINION	NOT SURE	
VERY APPROPRIATE	APPROPRIATE	INAPPROPRIATE		VERY INAPPROPRIATE		NOT SURE	
VERY SAFE	SAFE	UNSAFE	VERY U	VERY UNSAFE		NOT SURE	
After the mental health services							
Were you told	what your option	ons were for con	tinued the	rapy?			
YES SO	MEWHAT NO REAL	N()	NOT SURE	NO OPINION	I DID NEED/ N CONTI THEF	WANT INUED	
Were your que answered?	estions about yo	our options for c	ontinued t	herapeuti	c services		
ALL	MANY	A FEW	NONE	NOT SURE		NO NOINI	

	Were you asked about your views on your options for continued therapeutic services and the next steps?					
YES	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NO	NOT SURE	NO OPINION	I DID NOT NEED/WANT CONTINUED THERAPY
What ado	litional or othe	r mental he	alth servi	ces would y	ou have like	d?
What did	you appreciate	e about you	ır experiei	nce with the	mental heal	th services?
What did services?	you not appre	ciate about	your exp	erience with	the mental	health
What else	e could the sta	ff have don	e to help	you in a bet	ter way?	
	ve ideas for im ase let us knov			ntal health s	services or t	he treatment
Is there s health se		you want t	o tell us a	bout before	, during or a	fter the mental

3.6 Short Youth Satisfaction Questionnaire

Please help us make Barnahus better for young people by answering the questions below. We want to know what you feel – good or bad. Thanks!

Were you hap	py with the help SOMEWHAT	you got in E NOT REALLY	Barnahus? NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell us	s what made yo	ou feel that wa	ay?		
Did you get th	e help you wan	ted in Barnal NOT REALLY	nus? NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
ΔII THE	ed what kind of		NO	NOT	NOT
TIME	OSTLY SOME	ΓIMES NEVI	ER OPINION	_	
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL made you fee	NO OPINION I that way?	NOT SURE

Did you feel re	SOMEWHAT	nahus? NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
ļ ப		Ш		Ш	Ш
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		
Did you fool y	ou were listene	d to in Barna	hue?		
ALL THE		ΓIMES NEV	NO	NOT SURE	NOT APPLICABLE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		
Did you fool w		red for in Day	mahua?		
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY	NOT AT ALL	NO OPINION	NOT SURE
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that w	ay?		

Did you feel yo Barnahus?	ou had enough	control ove	er yo	ur si	tuati	on a	luring your v	visit to
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY		NO AT A			NO OPINION	NOT SURE
]			
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou feel that	way?					
Did you feel th	nat you were be	lieved in Ba	arnah	nus?				
COMPLETELY	SOMEWHAT	NOT REALLY		NC AT A			NO OPINION	NOT SURE
]			
Can you tell u	s what made yo	ou reel that	way?					
Please circle t 5 is the highes	the grade for ea st score.	ch of these	serv	rices	. 1 is	s the	lowest scor	re and
THE ROOMS IN	BARNAHUS		1	2	3	4	5	
THE WAY I WAS	S TREATED IN BA	ARNAHUS	1	2	3	4	5	
THE FORENSIC	INTERVIEW		1	2	3	4	5	
THE MEDICAL E	EXAMINATION		1	2	3	4	5	
THERAPEUTIC	SERVICES		1	2	3	4	5	
What addition	al or other serv	ices or help	o wou	ıld y	ou h	ave	liked in Barı	nahus?

What did you appreciate about your experience in Barnahus?
What did you not appreciate about your experience in Barnahus?
What could the staff have done to help you in a better way?
If you have ideas for improvement of the waiting room, interview room or the treatment rooms please let us know what they are.
Is there something else you want to tell us about before, during or after your visit to Barnahus?

4. Questionnaires for Children

- General, welcome and venue
- Social services/Child Protection
- Forensic interview
- Medical Examination
- Therapeutic Assessment
- Short Child Questionnaire

Short introduction/recruitment script to questionnaire

Written Feedback

We are interested in how your time in Barnahus was for you. What you think is important to us, both good and bad. This could make us better in helping children that are about to come here. The people who came with you and the people who you met in Barnahus will not see your personal answers so you can be completely honest.

This paper has some questions and if you feel like it, you can tell us your answers by making a circle around the face that best explains how you feel. You can write or draw your answers in the boxes. If there is anything you don't understand, please ask the person who gave you this paper.

Oral interview

We are interested in how your time in Barnahus was for you. What you think is important to us, both good and bad. This could make us better in helping children that are about to come here. The people who came with you and the people who you met in Barnahus will not see your personal answers so you can be completely honest.

I will now ask you a few questions and if you feel like it, you can tell me your answer. If there is anything you don't understand, please ask me and I will try to explain.

4.1 Child Questionnaire - General, welcome and venue

Before going to Barnahus

Before coming here, did someone tell you where you were going?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did someone tell you what would happen in Barnahus?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did someone you trust come with you to Barnahus?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel safe on your way to Barnahus?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

What did you like about being picked up and going to Barnahus?

What did you not like about being picked up and going to Barnahus?

Is there something else you want to tell us about your experience of being picked up and/or travelling to Barnahus?

In Barnahus

Did someone welcome you when you arrived to Barnahus?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel safe in Barnahus?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

Did you feel listened to in Barnahus?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

IOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel welcome and cared for in Barnahus?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you like the waiting room in Barnahus?











A LOT

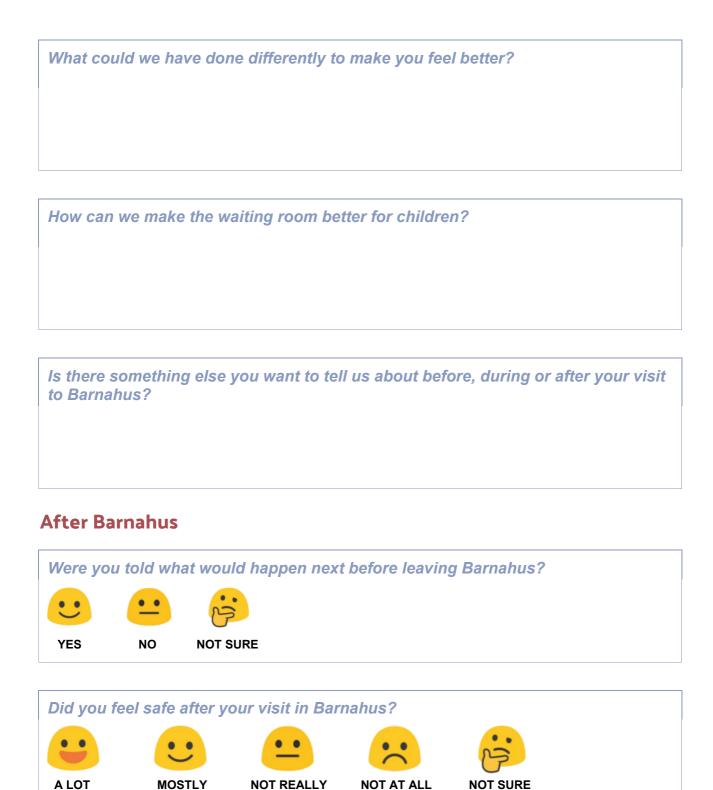
MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SUR

Did you	like the	toys in th	ne waitin	g room?					
		·	••		::	م	7		
A LOT	М	OSTLY	NOT REA	ALLY 1	NOT AT ALI	NOT	SURE		
How do	you fee	l about Ba	arnahus	? You ca	n pick se	everal em	otions.		
·	••	·••`	·:	••	00	77	>.		
Нарру	ок	Unhappy	Upset	Worried	Scared	Annoyed	Angry		
Can you	tell us	what mad	le you fe	el that w	ay?				
Is there	another	r feelina tl	hat bette	r describ	es the w	vav vou fe	eel abou	ıt Barnahus	?
		3							
What did	d you lik	ke about v	vaiting ii	n the wai	ting rooi	m?			
What did	d you no	ot like abo	out waitii	ng in the	waiting	room?			



Standard 1.2: Child Participation Tool

How did you feel about coming back to Barnahus after your first visit for follow up? You can pick several emotions. Worried OK Unhappy Upset Scared Нарру **Annoyed Angry** Can you tell us what made you feel that way? Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about coming back to Barnahus? What could we have done to make you feel better after your visit to Barnahus? Is there something else you want to tell us about your experience after your visit to Barnahus?

4.2 Child Questionnaire - Social Services/Child Protection

Were you told how the social worker might help you?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel like the social worker listened carefully to you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel like the social worker cared about you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you understand all the questions from the social worker?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel like the social worker believed you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURI

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel safe with the social worker?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

How do you feel about your meeting with the social worker? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about your meeting with the social worker?

Did someone tell you what would happen after you met the social worker?	
YES NO NOT SURE	
Other questions - please write or draw you answers in the box	
What did you like about meeting with the social worker?	
What didn't you like about meeting the social worker?	
What could the social worker have done differently to make you feel better?	
Is there something else you want to tell us about before, during or after meeting the social worker?	_

4.3 Child Questionnaire - Forensic Interview

Before the interview

Were you told what would happen in the interview?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel safe before the interview?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SUF

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

The forensic interview

Did you feel like the person who interviewed listened carefully to you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Did you feel like the person who interviewed you cared about you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURI

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you understand all the questions that you were asked during the interview?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Did you feel like the person who interviewed you believed you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURF

Did you like the interview room?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURI

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel safe in the interview room?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

How did you feel about the forensic interview? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about the forensic interview?

After the forensic interview

Did someone you feel safe with wait for you when the interview was over?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel safe after the interview?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did someone tell you what would happen next after you had done your interview?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Other questions - please write or draw you answers in the box

What didn't you like about your experience with the interview?

What did you like about your experience with the interview?
What could we have done differently to make you feel better?
Is there something else you want to tell us about before, during or after the forensic interview?

4.4 Child Questionnaire - Medical examination

This questionnaire can also be used for dental examinations if offered in your Barnahus.

Before the medical examination

Were you told what the medical examination would be like?







YES

NOT SURE

How did you feel when you were waiting for the medical exam? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared **Annoyed**

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about waiting for the medical exam?

During the medical examination

Did someone you feel safe with come with you into the examination room?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Was the doctor nice to you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SUF

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel safe during the medical exam?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALI

NOT CLIDE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you like the medical examination room?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Were you told what the doctor found?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did someone tell you if you needed treatment and what that would be like?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

How did you feel during the medical exam? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

ок

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about the medical exam?

Other questions - please write or draw you answers in the box

What didn't like about your experience with the medical examination?
What did you like about your experience with the medical examination?
What could we have done differently to make you feel better?
What are your ideas for making the medical examination room better for children?
Is there something else you want to tell us about before, during or after the medical examination?

4.5 Child Questionnaire - Therapeutic assessment

The questionnaire below is primarily meant to gather children's responses about the therapeutic assessment rather than continued therapy. Consider carefully when you administer the questionnaire since it will have implications both on the type of questions you ask, and the answers you get.

Before speaking to the therapist

Were you told what talking to the therapist would be like?







YES

NO

NOT SURE

Did you feel safe while waiting for the therapist?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

How did you feel while you were waiting to talk to the therapist? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about waiting for the therapist?

Speaking to the therapist

Did you feel like the therapist cared about you?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURI

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel safe when speaking to the therapist?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you like the room where you talked to the therapist?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SUR

Did you feel listened to?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURI

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you feel that someone listened to what you want to do about therapy?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

How did you feel when you were speaking to the therapist? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

After speaking to the therapist

Did someone tell you would happen next?

YES NO NOT SURE

How did you feel after the meeting with the therapist? You can pick several emotions.

Happy OK Unhappy Upset Worried Scared Annoyed Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

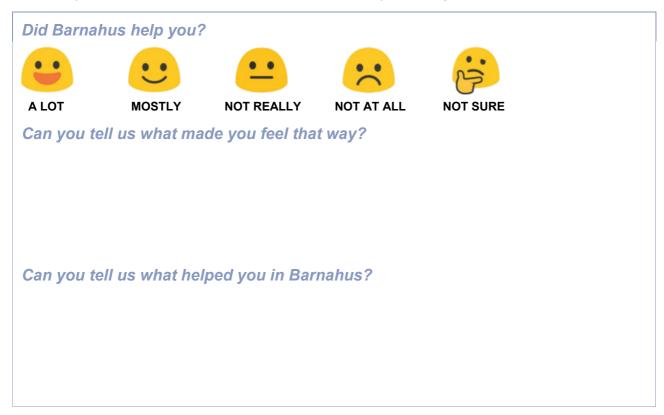
Other questions - please write or draw you answers in the box

What didn't you like about your experience speaking to the therapist?

What did you like about your experience speaking to the therapist?
What could we have done differently to make you feel better?
What ideas do you have for improvement of the room where you spoke to the therapist?
Is there something else you want to tell us about before, during or after speaking to the therapist?

4.6 Short Child Satisfaction Questionnaire

Please help us make Barnahus better. We want to know what you feel – good or bad. Thanks!















A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Did you feel welcome and cared for in Barnahus?











A LUI

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURI

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Did you like the toys in Barnahus?











A LOT

MOSTLY

Y NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

Did you like the waiting room in Barnahus?











A LOT

MOSTLY

NOT REALLY

NOT AT ALL

NOT SURE

How do you feel about Barnahus? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

How do you feel about the meeting the social worker? You can pick several emotions.















Нарру

ΟK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

How do you feel about the forensic interview? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

oĸ

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Anarv

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

How do you feel about the medical examination? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

How do you feel about speaking with the therapist? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about speaking to the therapist?

How did you feel about going back home after the visit to Barnahus? You can pick several emotions.

















Нарру

OK

Unhappy

Upset

Worried

Scared

Annoyed

Angry

Can you tell us what made you feel that way?

Is there another feeling that better describes the way you feel about going back home after your visit to Barnahus?

Other questions - please write or draw you answers in the box

What didn't you like about your experience in Barnahus?
What did you like about your experience in Barnahus?
What could we have done differently to make you feel better?
Is there something else you want to tell us about before, during or after your visit to Barnahus?

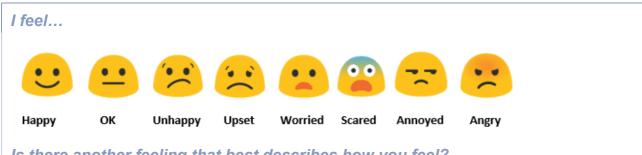
5. Examples of "I feel..." questions/questionnaire

In order to make the "I feel questions" actionable for Barnahus, it is important that you pose follow up questions so that the child is provided an opportunity to explain why s/he feels in a certain way.

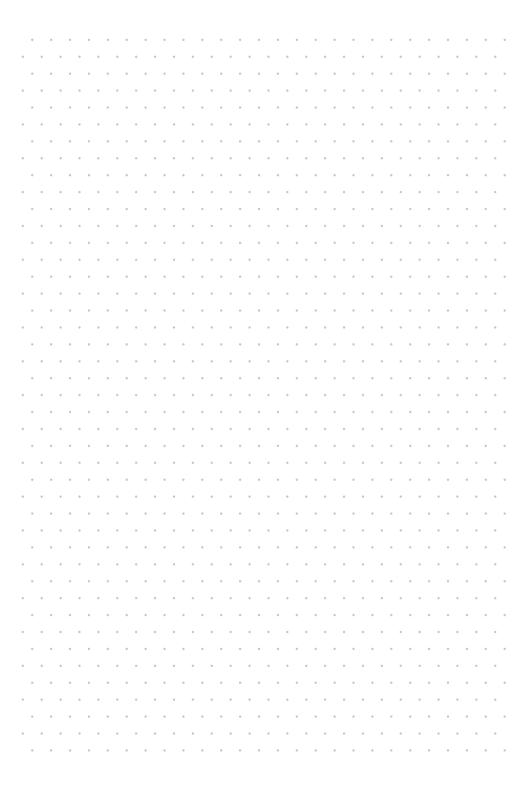
I feel					
☐ Very bad	☐ Bad	☐ Good	d	☐ Very good	
☐ Not nice at all	☐ Not Nice	☐ Nice		☐ Very nice	
☐ Very Ignored	☐ Ignored	☐ A litt	le ignored	☐ Not ignored	
☐ Very uncomfortable	☐ Uncomforta	able 🗌 Com	fortable	☐ Very Comfortable	
☐ Very sad	☐ Sad	☐ A litt	le sad	☐ Not sad	
☐ Very Unhappy	☐ Unhappy	□ Нарг	ру	☐ Very happy	
☐ Very worried	☐ Worried	☐ A litt	le worried	☐ Not worried	
☐ Very upset	☐ Upset	☐ A litt	le upset	☐ Not upset	
☐ Very excited	☐ Excited	☐ A litt	le excited	☐ Not excited	
☐ Very scared	☐ Scared	☐ A litt	le scared	☐ Not scared	
☐ Very nervous	☐ Nervous	☐ A litt	le nervous	☐ Not nervous	
☐ Very angry	☐ Angry	☐ A littl	le angry	☐ Not angry	
☐ Very calm	☐ Calm	☐ A litt	le calm	☐ Not calm	
☐ Very stressed out	☐ Stressed or	ut 🗌 A littl	le stressed out	☐ Not stressed out	
I am secretly afraid	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	☐ No	
I feel like I have a say	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	☐ No	
I feel in control	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	□No	
I feel relief	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	□No	
I feel reassured	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	□No	
I feel safe	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	□No	
I feel like smiling	☐ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	□No	
I have an uncomfortable feeling in my tummy	le □ Lots	☐ A little	☐ Not really	□ No	

Is there another feeling that best describes how you feel?

Emojis



Is there another feeling that best describes how you feel?



Implementing the Barnahus Quality Standards throughout Europe

PROMISE is supporting Europe to adopt the Barnahus model as a standard practice for providing child victims and witnesses of violence rapid access to justice and care. We undertake this work to fulfil the PROMISE vision: a Europe where the human rights of children to protection from violence, support and to be heard are fulfilled.

A Barnahus provides multi-disciplinary and interagency collaboration to ensure that child victims and witnesses of violence benefit from a child-friendly, professional and effective response in a safe environment which prevents (re)traumatisation. With the formal support from national authorities, PROMISE provides opportunities to translate national commitment into action and engage internationally in the process. In addition, regular networking and strategic communications continually activate our growing network of professionals and stakeholders who are committed to introducing and expanding Barnahus services nationally.

The first PROMISE project (2015-2017) set European standards and engaged a broad network of professionals. The second PROMISE project (2017-2019) promoted national level progress towards meeting the standards and formalised the PROMISE Barnahus Network. Future work will expand these activities to include University training, case management tools, and a European accreditation system.

PROMISE is managed by the Children at Risk Unit at the Council of the Baltic Sea States Secretariat in close collaboration with Child Circle.

Access the PROMISE tools and learn more at www.childrenatrisk.eu/promise





























